October 2, 2016

Freedom To Live For Christ Galatians 3:15-22 By Kirk Gambrell

Vol. 6 Num. 40

Using This Study

O EXAMINE His Word

What does God SAY? Open your time with prayer. The words God uses to communicate matters, so go back and pay close attention to the details that are emphasized or repeated in the passage.

9 EXPLORE His Word

What does God MEAN? Asking questions of the text helps surface how the details relate to the message God wants to communicate.

© EMBRACE His Word

Why does it MATTER to me? Embrace God by responding to what you discover in His word in faith and obedience.



This week we continue our study of the book of Galatians. In this section of Chapter 3, Paul seeks to explain why we have the law and how it fits with the promises that God gave to Abraham. Abraham came over 400 years before for the law. However this does not mean that the law replaced the promises that Abraham had received. Understanding how these fit together will help us to understand what the law means for us today.



Read Galatians 3:15-22 (NET)

¹⁵ Brothers and sisters, I offer an example from everyday life: When a covenant has been ratified, even though it is only a human contract, no one can set it aside or add anything to it. ¹⁶ Now the promises were spoken to Abraham and to his descendant. Scripture does not say, "and to the descendants," referring to many, but "and to your descendant," referring to one, who is Christ. 17 What I am saying is this: The law that came four hundred thirty years later does not cancel a covenant previously ratified by God, so as to invalidate the promise. ¹⁸ For if the inheritance is based on the law, it is no longer based on the promise, but God graciously gave it to Abraham through the promise.

¹⁹ Why then was the law given? It was added because of transgressions, until the arrival of the descendant to whom the promise had been made. It was administered through angels by an intermediary. 20 Now an intermediary is not for one party alone, but God is one. ²¹ Is the law therefore opposed to the promises of God? Absolutely not! For if a law had been given that was able to give life, then righteousness would certainly have come by the law. 22 But the scripture imprisoned everything under sin so that the promise could be given—because of the faithfulness of Jesus Christ—to those who believe.

EXAMINE His Word (Observation) (For personal preparation) fc

vnat does God SAY? Prayerfully note significant details and terms emphasized in	tne
oregoing passages.	

2. Where and when is this taking place? Geography and timeline.

1. Who is involved in the text? Author, audience, main characters.

3. What actions are carried out or commanded? Look for the verbs.

4. Is there anything repeated?

	5.	What is emphasized?
	6.	Is there anything in these passages that is related to other areas of scripture?
	7.	Are there things to be noted that are alike or unalike such as similes and metaphors?
0		(PLORE His Word (Interpretation) (For Community Group discussion) nat does God MEAN?
	8.	Was Abraham under the Law?
	9.	What was God's agreement with Abraham?
	10.	. Why was the Law given?

	11. How does Abraham receive the inheritance?
	12. Paul says the Law does not oppose the promise of God. How do these two fit together?
8	EMBRACE His Word (Application) (For Community Group discussion) Why does this MATTER to me? 13. How should we treat the Law today?
	14. What are the differences between the Law and the promises to Abraham as they relate to my life?
	15. How do we communicate with non-believers about the Law not being kept to the letter today?

Summarize your thoughts on the passage Write about what God wants you to KNOW, to FEEL, and to DO							
WIIIC	about wi	at God w	ants you	io Kinc	w, to FL	LL, and	ю БО

SERMON NOTES